Please use a #2 pencil.

Check Your Risk for Falling

Please answer every question

To reproduce, follow the printing instructions.
Do not fold this form.

		PLE	ASE	PRI	NT P	ATIE	NT'S	S LAS	ST N	AME		_
Marking Instructions	1810											

Fill in the complete oval as shown...

PLEASE PRINT PATIENT'S FIRST NAME PATIENT'S DATE OF BIRTH Month Day

Please answ	wer yes or no for each statement below.	Why it matters:					
○ yes ○ no	I have fallen in the past year.	People who have fallen once are likely to fall again.					
○ yes ○ no	Sometimes I feel unsteady when I am walking.	Unsteadiness or needing support while walking are signs of poor balance.					
yes no	I am worried about falling.	People who are worried about falling are more likely to fall.					
yes no	I use or have been advised to use a cane or walker to get around safely.	People who have been advised to use a cane or walker may already be more likely to fall.					
○ yes ○ no	I steady myself by holding onto furniture when walking at home.	This is also a sign of poor balance.					
yes no	I need to push with my hands to stand up from a chair.	This is a sign of weak leg muscles, a major reason for falling.					
○ yes ○ no	I have some trouble stepping up onto a curb.	This is also a sign of weak leg muscles.					
○ yes ○ no	I often have to rush to the toilet.	Rushing to the bathroom, especially at night, increases your chance of falling.					
yes no	I have lost some feeling in my feet.	Numbness in your feet can cause stumbles and lead to falls.					
yes no	I take medicine that sometimes makes me feel light-headed or more tired than usual.	Side effects from medicines can sometimes increase your chance of falling.					
○ yes ○ no	I take medicine to help me sleep or improve my mood.	These medicines can sometimes increase your chance of falling.					
o yes no	I often feel sad or depressed.	Symptoms of depression, such as not feeling well or feeling slowed down, are linked to falls.					

This checklist was developed by the Greater Los Angeles VA Geriatric Research Education Clinical Center and affiliates and is a validated fall risk self-assessment tool (Rubenstein et al. J Safety Res; 2011:42(6)493-499. Adapted with permission of the authors.

